

Installation and Troubleshooting Guide



NOTE: This installation is to be completed by an Authorized Dealer or Professional Service Technician.

CDI P/N: 114-5772

This switch box replaces these P/N's: 18-5881, 332-5772A 1, 332-5772A 2, 332-5772A 3, 332-577A 4, 332-5772A 5 and 332-5772A 7.

Warning! This product is designed for installation by a professional marine mechanic. CDI cannot be held liable for injury or damage resulting from improper installation, abuse, neglect or misuse of this product.

INSTALLATION

DISCONNECT THE BLACK/YELLOW KILL WIRE FROM THE SWITCHBOX: Connect a DC volt meter between the kill wire and engine ground. Turn the ignition switch on and off several times. If, at any time, you see over 2V DC on the kill wire, there is a problem with the harness or ignition switch. Battery voltage over 2V on the kill circuit may severely damage most ADI type switch boxes.

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable.
- 2. Check and clean all battery terminals and engine grounds.
- 3. Remove all wires from the old switch box.
- 4. Unbolt and remove the old switch box, saving the original bolts and nuts.
- 5. Install the new switch box using the original bolts and nuts.
- 6. Connect the black ground wire to engine ground.
- 7. Connect all wires removed from the old switch box to the new switch box.
- 8. Reconnect battery cable.

TROUBLESHOOTING

NO FIRE ON ANY CYLINDER:

- Disconnect the black/yellow kill wire AT THE PACK and retest. If the engine's ignition now has spark, the kill circuit has a faultpossibly the key switch or harness..
- 2. Disconnect the yellow wires from the stator to the rectifier and retest. If the engine now has spark, replace the rectifier.
- 3. Check the cranking RPM. A cranking speed less than 250-RPM will not allow the system to fire properly.
- 4. Check the stator resistance and DVA output as given below:

		Flywheel With Bolted In Magnets					
	WIRE	Read To	OEM Ohms	CDI Ohms	DVA		
	Blue	Blue/White	5000-7000	2200-2400	180V or more		
	Red	Red/White	125-155	45-55	25V or more		
	Flywheel With Glued In Magnets						
	WIRE Read To OEM Ohms CDI Ohms DVA						
	Blue	Blue/White	3250-3650	500-600(a)	180V or more		
	Red	Red/White	75-200	28-32	25V or more		
	(a) Encapsulated CDI stators will read 2200-2400 ohms from Blue to Blue/White.						
	(a) Liteapoulate	ca obi stators will read 220	o 2400 omins nom Blac to i	Dide/ Wille.			
		Red Stator					
	WIRE	Read To	OEM Ohms	CDI Ohms	DVA		
	White/Green	Green/White	500-700	500-600	180V or more		
		Red Stator Adapter					
	<u>WIRE</u>	Read To	OEM Ohms	CDI Ohms	DVA		
	Blue	Blue	OPEN	N/A	180V or more		
	Blue	Ground	OPEN	N/A	180V or more		
NO SPARK ON 2 CYLINDERS:							
Check resistance and DVA of trigger:							
	WIRE	Read To	OEM Ohms	CDI Ohms	DVA		
	Purple (Violet)	White	700-900	800-1000	4V or more		
	Brown ` ´	White/Black	700-900	800-1000	4V or more		

- 2. Swap the stator's Red and Blue wire with the Red/White and Blue/White wires to see if the no fire problem follows one side of the stator. If it does, the stator is bad. If the problem remains on the same 2 cylinders, the power pack or trigger is probably at fault.
- FOR CRANKING TEST ONLY- Swap the trigger Purple wire with the Brown wire, and White wire with the White/Black (Black) wire.
 NOTE Some OEM triggers used a Black wire instead of a White/Black wire.



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ENGINE WILL NOT SHUT OFF:

Check kill circuit in the pack by using a jumper wire connected to the black/yellow terminal or wire coming out of the pack and shorting it to ground. If this kills the engine, the kill circuit in the harness or on the boat is bad (possibly the ignition switch).

HIGH SPEED MISS:

- 1. Disconnect the rectifier and retest. If miss is gone, the rectifier is usually at fault.
- 2. Check DVA voltage between the red wires of the stator at high speed. (**NOTICE:** Use caution when doing this and do not exceed the rated voltage range of your meter.) The readings should show a smooth climb in voltage. If there is a sudden or fast drop in voltage right before the miss becomes apparent, the stator is usually at fault. If there is no indication of the problem, it could be mechanical problem.

ENGINE HAS SPARK, BUT WILL NOT RUN OR BACKFIRES:

- 1. Verify the wiring is correct to the switchbox and ignition coils.
- 2. Check the flywheel key to see if it has sheared.
- 3. Verify the flywheel has not been rotated on the center hub, resulting in the timing grid being out of place.
- 4. Check resistance and DVA of trigger:

WIRE	Read To	OEM Ohms	CDI Ohms	DVA		
Purple (Violet)	White	700-900	800-1000	4V or more		
Brown	White/Black	700-900	800-1000	4V or more		
NOTE: If the trigger resistance checks are not correct, replace the trigger.						

- 5. Index the flywheel by locating TDC (top dead center) for each cylinder and marking the flywheel with the number of that cylinder.
- 6. Using a spark tester, connect to each cylinder's sparkplug wire in turn and crank the engine using the starter. Typically, #1 cylinder is near TDC on the timing grid. ALL of the remaining cylinders should have the same off-set of timing as #1 cylinder. If the timing is very different between the top 2 cylinders and the bottom 2 cylinders, the switchbox may be defective.

INTERMITTNAT SPARK ON ONE OR MORE CYLINDERS:

- 1. Check stator and trigger resistance and DVA output.
- 2. Check the trigger resistance and DVA output as given below:

Wire Color	Check to Wire Color	Resistance	DVA (Connected)
Purple (#1)	White wire (#2)	800-1400	4V or more
Brown (#3)	White/Black wire (#4)	800-1400	4V or more
Purple (#1)	Engine GND	Open	1V or more
White (#2)	Engine GND	Open	1V or more
Brown (#3)	Engine GND	Open	1V or more
Wht/Blk (#4)	Engine GND	Open	1V or more

3. Disconnect the rectifier and retest. If the problem disappears, replace the rectifier.